

Baird Parker Agar Base BIS

Intended Use

Baird Parker Agar Base BIS is a medium with added supplements used for selective isolation and enumeration of coagulase positive Staphylococci from food and other materials in compliance with BIS specification IS:5887 (Part 8/Sec 1): 2002.

Summary

Baird Parker Agar was developed by Baird-Parker, modified from the tellurite-glycine formulation of Zebovit et al., for the recovery of coagulase positive Staphylococci. It was suggested that this medium be substituted for Vogel and Johnson Agar (VJ) because it was less inhibitory than VJ Agar, yet more selective and also possessed a diagnostic aid (egg yolk reaction) not present in VJ Agar. Subsequently, it was officially accepted by the AOAC and is also recommended by the USP and IP for use in microbial limit tests. Baird Parker Agar is recommended by APHA for the examination of milk and foods and is also included in the Bacteriological Analytical Manual for testing of cosmetics.

Principle

Pancreatic digest of casein, Cara Meat extract and yeast extract provide nitrogenous compounds, carbon, sulphur and other growth factors. Sodium pyruvate protects the injured cells, helps recovery and stimulates the growth of *S. aureus* without destroying the selectivity. Glycine enhances the growth of *Staphylococcus*. Lithium chloride inhibits most of the micro flora except *Staphylococcus aureus*. The tellurite additive inhibits egg-yolk clearing strains other than *S. aureus* and imparts a black colour to the colonies. The egg yolk, apart from being an enrichment, aids in the identification process by demonstrating lecithinase activity (egg yolk reaction). Egg yolk makes the medium yellow, opaque. Proteolytic bacteria produce a clear zone around colonies in egg yolk containing medium. A clear zone around grey-black colonies on this medium is diagnostic for coagulase positive Staphylococci.

Formula*

Ingredients	g/L
Pancreatic Digest of Casein	10.0
Yeast Extract	1.0
Cara Meat Extract [#]	5.0
Sodium Pyruvate	12.0
L-Glycine	12.0
Lithium Chloride	5.0
Agar	20.0
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.2 ± 0.2

*Adjusted to suit performance parameters.

[#]Equivalent to Meat Extract

Storage and Stability

Store dehydrated medium below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2°C-8°C. Avoid freezing and overheating. Use before expiry date on the label. Once opened keep powdered medium closed to avoid hydration.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples – Blood
Food and dairy samples
Pharmaceutical samples

Specimen Collection and Handling

Ensure that all samples are properly labelled.

Follow appropriate techniques for handling samples as per established guidelines.

Some samples may require special handling, such as immediate refrigeration or protection from light, follow the standard procedure.

The samples must be stored and tested within the permissible time duration.

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Directions

1. Suspend 65.00 g of the powder in 950 mL of purified / distilled water. Mix thoroughly.
2. Boil with frequent agitation to dissolve the powder completely.
3. Sterilize by autoclaving at 121°C (15 psi) for 15 minutes as per validated cycle.
4. Cool to 45°C-50°C and aseptically add 50 mL of concentrated Egg Yolk Emulsion (204050370100) and 3 mL sterile 3.5% Potassium Tellurite Solution (204160720001), or 50 mL Egg Yolk Tellurite Emulsion (204050380100).
5. Mix thoroughly, but gently and pour into sterile petridishes.

Warning: *Lithium chloride is harmful, bodily contact and inhalation of vapours must be avoided. On contact with skin, wash with plenty of water immediately.*

Quality Control

Dehydrated Appearance: Cream to yellow coloured, homogenous, free flowing powder.

Prepared Appearance: Basal medium: Light amber coloured slightly opalescent gel, With addition of egg yolk Tellurite emulsion: Yellow coloured opaque gel forms in petridishes.

Growth Promotion Test: Growth promotion is carried out in accordance with the harmonized method of BIS and growth is observed after an incubation at 30°C-35°C for 24 to 48 hours.

Growth Promoting Properties: The test results observed are within the specified temperature and shortest period of time specified in the test, inoculating \leq 100 cfu of appropriate microorganism at 30°C-35°C for 24 hours.

Indicative Properties: The test results observed are within the specified temperature and time, inoculating \leq 100 cfu of appropriate microorganism.

Growth promoting + Indicative:

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth	Colour of Colony	Lecithinase Production
<i>Bacillus spizizenii</i> (6633)	Partial inhibition	Dark brown	-
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> (25933)	Good	Brown to black	-
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> subsp. <i>aureus</i> (25923)	Good	Grey - black shiny	+
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> subsp. <i>aureus</i> (6538)	Good	Grey- black shiny	+
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> strain PCI 1200 (12228)	Good	Black	-

Interpretation of Results

1. Typical colonies of *S. aureus* are black, shiny, convex and surrounded by clear zones (E-Y reaction) of approximately 2-5 mm. coagulase negative Staphylococci generally do not grow well; if growth occurs, the typical clear zones are absent.
2. If negative, re-incubate for additional 24 hours.

Quantitative results

1. Count the plates with 20-200 typical Staphylococci *aureus* like colonies, express as colony forming units (cfu) per gram or mL of sample, taking into account the applicable dilution factor.
2. Also perform coagulase test.

Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the product is dependent on following parameters as per product label claim:

1. Directions
2. Storage
3. Expiry

Precautions/Limitations

1. Colonies of some contaminating organisms may digest the coagulase halo reaction.
2. Regardless of negative reactions, consider all doubtful colonies as *S. aureus* and carry out further tests like coagulase reaction because some strains of *S. aureus* give negative egg yolk reaction (in foods, especially cheese).
3. Braid Parker Agar Base with supplements is selective for coagulase positive Staphylococci, but other including *Proteus* species may grow (addition of 50 mg/L Sulphamethazine is found to suppress growth and swarming of *Proteus* species).
4. The majority of contaminating flora that grows produces white to brown colonies with no clearing of the egg yolk.
5. Prepare fresh medium for best results.

Warranty

This product is designed to perform as described on the label and package insert. The manufacturer disclaims any implied warranty of use and sale for any other purpose.

Reference

1. Zebovit, Evans and Nivens 1955. J. Bact; 70:686.
2. Tardio and Baer, 1971; J. Assoc. Off. Analy. Chem. 54:728.
3. Baer, 1971; J. Assoc. Off. Analy. Chem.: 54:732.
4. Data on file: Microxpress®, A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd.

Product Presentation:

Cat No.	Product description	Pack Size
201020090100	Dehydrated Culture Media	100 g
201020090500	Dehydrated Culture Media	500 g

 Temperature Limit	 Manufacturer	 LOT	Batch Code	 Date of Manufacture	 This way up	 RO	Received on
REF Catalogue Number	 Consult Instructions for use	 Use-by Date	 Hygroscopic keep container tightly closed	 !	Harmful/Irritant/Toxic	 OO	Opened on

Revision: 0725/VER-03

Disclaimer

Information provided is based on our inhouse technical data on file, it is recommended that user should validate at his end for suitable use of the product.