

2. **RNA Extraction Kit For RT-PCR Testing** (Spintube Method)

(For in vitro diagnostic use only)

INTENDED USE

E

This kit is recommended to be used for the isolation of viral RNA from various samples like fresh and frozen plasma. serum.nasopharvngeal swab. oropharvngeal swab. sputum. bronco-alveolar lavage in viral transport medium and other body fluids. The system is intended for use by professional users trained in molecular biological techniques.

SUMMARY

EX-RNA[™]-SPINTUBE is a simple and efficient system for purification of total RNA from samples like fresh and frozen plasma, serum, nasopharyngeal swab, oropharyngeal swab, sputum, bronco-alveolar lavage in viral transport medium and other body fluids. Ribonucleic acid (RNA) purified from biological materials is utilized extensively for molecular biology research and is becoming an important tool in human clinical testina.

PRINCIPLE

Samples are lysed and homogenized in lysis buffer, which contains chaotropic salts. Chaotropic salts have two important roles in nucleic acid extraction. Firstly, they destabilize hydrogen bonds, van der Waals forces and hydrophobic interactions, leading to destabilization of proteins, including nucleases. Secondly, they disrupt the association of nucleic acids with water, thereby providing optimal conditions for binding. Buffering conditions enhances the binding of nucleic acids in the column. After centrifuging the lysate through the silica membrane, the desired nucleic acids are bound to the column and unbound components are in the flow-through. However, the membrane will contain impurities such as protein, polysaccharides and salt residues. The wash steps remove such impurities. Subsequent addition of elution buffer to the column will hydrate the nucleic acids which is collected in the elute collection tube.

PRESENTATION

REF	1108100100
×.	100 Tests

Kit Components (for 100 Tests):

Reagents: R1: Lysis Buffer 60 mL R2: Wash Buffer 30 mL

R3: Elution Buffer 10 mL

Accessories:

T1: Sample Lysis Tubes 100 Nos. T2: Spin Column with Wash Tubes 100 Nos. T3: Flute Collection Tubes 100 Nos Packinsert 1 No.

STORAGE AND STABILITY OF THE KIT The kit and reagents are to be stored at 20-25°C.

REAGENT/MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Ethanol (96-100%) 1.

RNase inactivating agents such as **DECON-R[™]** (10 x 200 mL - Cat. No.1108092000)

C F

- 3 Micro-centrifuge (operational requirement 2500 x g -6000 x a)
- 4. Vortex
- Microtube Stand 5. 6. Sterile Nuclease free microtips
- 7 Micropipettes

WARNINGS

EX- RNA[™]-SPINTUBE contains guanidine thiocyanate which is corrosive to metals, causes skin corrosion and serious eye damage.

- Recommended Personal Protective Equipment Includes Dust mask type N95, Eye shields and thick durable Nitrile or Plastic Gloves.
- If on skin: Gently wash with plenty of water.
- If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Kindly note that this transport media should not be used in a testing platform that uses bleach or in laboratories that use bleach as a part of their routine decontamination and disposal process. When the bleach interacts with quanidine thiocynate it produces the hazardous cvanide gas.

PRECAUTIONS

- A thorough understanding of the pack insert is 1 mandatory before performing the test for the first time. Adherence to protocol specified herein is necessary to ensure optimal performance of the product. Any deviation from the assay procedure may affect the results.
- Do not mix reagents of different lots. 2
- 3. Do not use reagents beyond their expiry date.
- 4 Use nuclease free plasticware and water.
- 5. Avoid any contamination among samples; for this purpose, disposable tips should be used for each sample and reagent.
- 6. Do not use reagents from other manufacturers along with the kit reagents for a given test run.
- 7. Do not interchange reagent vials and their screw caps to avoid cross contamination. Use a clean, fresh, disposable pipette tip for each reagent or specimen manipulation.
- Close reagent vials tightly immediately after use to 8. avoid evaporation and microbial contamination.
- 9. Always wear gloves. After wearing gloves, do not touch surfaces and equipment to avoid reintroduction of RNases to material.
- Treat surfaces of benches and glassware with RNASE 10. inactivating agents such as DECON-R[™] (10 x 200 ml -Cat No. 1108092000).
- Use sterile, disposable RNase-free plastic ware. 11.
- 12. Use only DEPC-treated water or nuclease free water such as RNASE FREE WATER[™] (10 x 125 ml - Cat No.1108092000,10 x 500ml - Cat. No.1108115000).
- 13. Best results were obtained by using fresh samples or samples that have been guickly frozen in liguid nitrogen or stored at -70°C.
- 14. Practice Good Laboratory practice (GLP) while handling specimen and other reagents.
- Follow precautions as per the handling of specimen 15.

capable of transmitting infectious agents.

16. Lysis buffer contains chaotropic salt. It is not compatible with disinfecting agents that contain bleach. Dispose it 8. as per local medical waste guidelines.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS:

Reagents p	provided as a conce	entrate						
Reagents	Contents/Labels	Volume of Ethanol (96 -100 %) to be added						
R2	Wash Buffer	30 mL Ethanol						
Reagents Not Provided, to be prepared by the User								
Reagents	Contents/Labels	Volume of Ethanol (96 -100 %) to be added						
B1	Binding Reagent	60 mL Ethanol						
W2	Ethanol Wash Solution	45 mL Ethanol + 15 mL Nuclease free water						

Note: R2 is supplied as concentrate. B1 and W2 to be prepared separately by user. Before using for the first time, add recommended volume of ethanol (96-100%) as indicated in the table above and also label them on the respective bottles. Please tick mark the check box provided on the label after addition of ethanol.

PROCEDURE:

6.

Take 500 µL of R1, Lysis Buffer in the sample lysis tube 1 and add 300 µL of sample to it. Then add 500 µL of B1, Binding Reagent. Optional step - Poly(A) RNA: Pipette 10 µL Poly(A)

RNA and add it to the reaction mix prepared in step 1. Mix well the reaction mix by pipetting up and down 10 to

- 2. 15 times and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 3. Transfer 650 µL of this suspension into the spin column fitted in wash tube.
- 4 Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. 2. Discard the flow-through from wash tube and blot dry on absorbent paper.
- 5. Add the remaining 650 µL suspension from the sample 3. lysis tube into the same spin column fitted in wash tube.
 - Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Discard the flow-through from wash tube and blot dry on absorbent paper.

- Transfer 500 µL of prepared reagent R2, Wash Buffer in the spin column fitted in wash tube.
- Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Discard the flow-through from wash tube and blot dry on absorbent paper.
- Transfer 500 µL of prepared reagent W2, Ethanol 9. Wash Solution in the spin column fitted in wash tube.
- Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 3 minutes at room 10. temperature. Discard the flow-through from wash tube and blot dry on absorbent paper.
- Dry spin the spin column with wash tube at 6000 x g for 3 11. minutes at room temperature.
- 12. Retain the spin column, discard the wash tube and transfer the spin column in Elute collection tube.
- 13. Add 70 µL of **R3. Elution Buffer** and incubate for 10 minutes at 35 °C.
- Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 3 minutes at room 14. temperature.
- 15. Elute is collected in elute collection tube. Discard the spin column
- 16. Close the lid of elute collection tube and label appropriately.

Storage of the elute with purified RNA: The elute contains pure RNA, recommended to be stored at lower temperature (-80°C). Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of the sample which may cause denaturing of RNA.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

The performance characteristics of this product have not been established.

REFERENCES:

7.

- (1). Sambrook, J. & Russell, D. Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual, 3rd edn, (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2001).
 - Noonberg, S. B., Scott, G. K. & Benz, C. C. Effect of pH on RNA degradation during quanidinium extraction. BioTechniques 19, 731-733 (1995).
 - Velikyan, I., Acharya, S., Trifonova, A., Földesi, A. & Chattopadhyaya, J. The pK(a)'s of 2'-hydroxyl group in nucleosides and nucleotides. Journal of the American Chemical Society 123, 2893-2894 (2001).
- Data on file: Coral Clinical Systems. 4.

Symbol keys										
20°C	Store at 20-25°C		Manufacturer	IVD	<i>In vitro</i> Diagnostic Medical Device	R1 Lysis Buffer	T1	Sample Lysis Tubes		cute xicity
\Box	Use by (Last day of stated month)	[]i	Consult Instructions for use	LOT	Batch Number	R2 Wash Buffer(4x)	T2	Spin Column with Wash Tubes		ealth zard
~~~	Date of Manufacture	REF	Catalogue Number	EC F Authorised Rep in the European		R3 Elution Buffer	тз	Elute Collection Tubes	This way up	Corrosive
Manufactured by: Coral Clinical Systems A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd. PLOT NO. M-46, BLDG. NO. D, PHASE III B, VERNA IND. EST., VERNA, GOA-403 722, INDIA. CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L.,										



ALTO SANTACRUZ, BAMBOLIM COMPLEX P.O., GOA-403 202, INDIA

EC REP CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L., C/ Horacio Lengo No. 18, CP 29006, Malaga, Spain.